

# Introduction

## Installation in open circuits with the following functions:

### Working filter

Contamination control of the major components in-line with the ISO cleanliness level specified.

### Safety filter

Individual component protection in order to avoid catastrophic failure of components.

## Positioning

### Down-stream from the pump

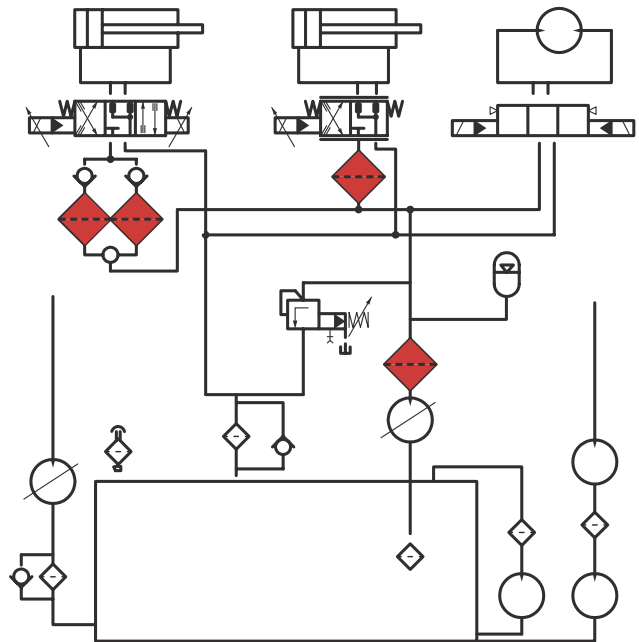
As a working filter for small size systems, with limited extension of the tube core.

Protection of the system as a safety filter.

### Up-stream from the components

Protection of individual components as a safety or working filter, for large size systems with extensive use of flexible hoses.

On valve banks, blocks, at inlet and/or pilot line of servo valves with both a safety and working function, for large size systems and/or systems with high in sensitive components and in duplex style for systems with continuous operation.



## Installations in closed circuits with the following functions:

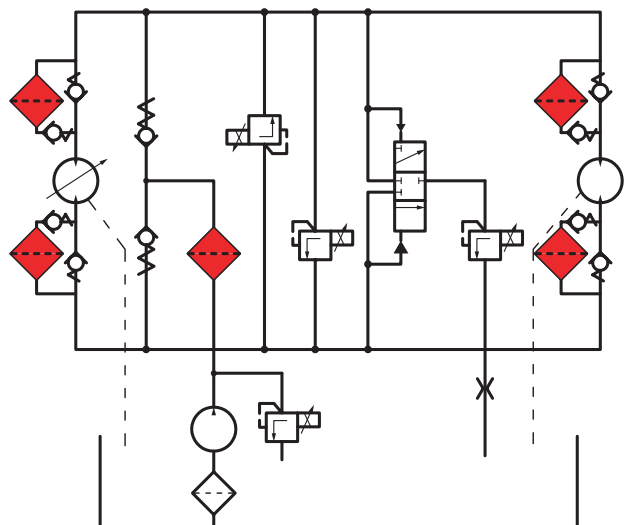
**Service filter:** on machines with flexible hoses connected with quick couplers.

**Safety filter:** protecting pump and motor for systems with large actuators.

**Flushing:** the filters are installed exclusively during the flushing phase.

### Filters with Reverse Flow valves Reversible filters for bi-directional filtration

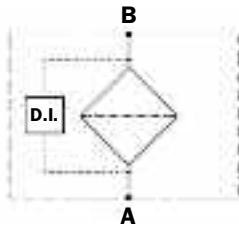
**Service filter:** down-stream from the hydrostatic transmission boost pump.



In-line filters for medium and high pressures can be equipped with internal valves to make them compatible with a large range of application conditions.

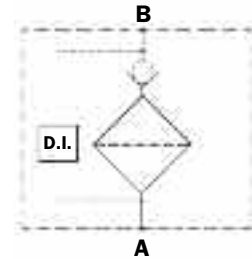
## HYDRAULIC SCHEMATICS

Style **S**



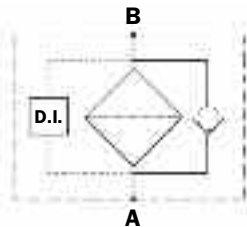
**Filter without bypass valve**, the entire flow must pass through the cartridge for maximum protection of the system in all operating conditions.

Style **T**



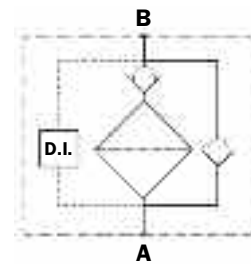
**Filter without bypass valve + check valve**, this style protects the cartridge from reverse flows and makes it possible to renew the cartridge without having to drain the oil from the pipelines or manifolds.

Style **B**



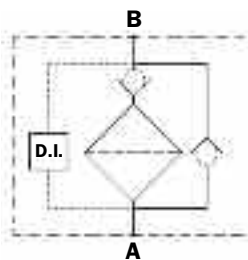
**Filter with bypass valve**, standard opening  $\Delta p$  6 bar, filtration cannot be assured in all operating conditions. The flow that passes through the bypass valve is proportional to the differential pressure caused by clogging of the cartridge and variations in fluid viscosity related to temperature (see cold starts).

Style **D**



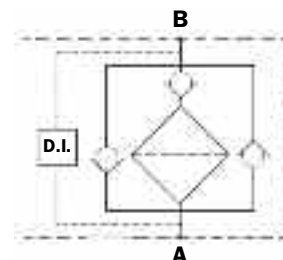
**Filter with bypass valve + check valve.**

Style **V**



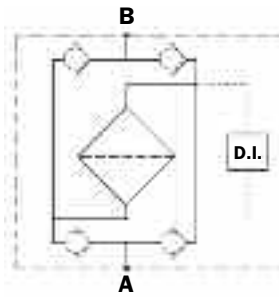
**Filter with Reverse Flow valve**, this style makes it possible to guarantee the oil flow inside the head in both directions. Filtration is performed in only one direction of flow.

Style **Z**



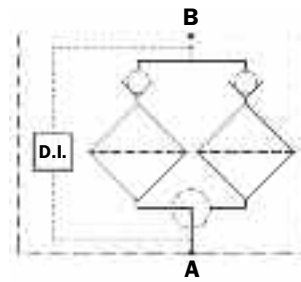
**Filter with Reverse Flow valve + bypass valve.**

Reversible filtration



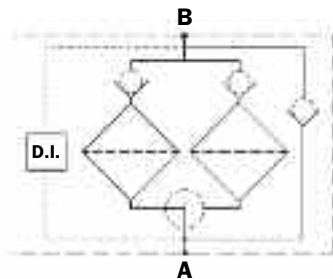
**Filter with valve for reversible filtration**, this style makes it possible to achieve fluid filtration in both directions of flow.

Style S

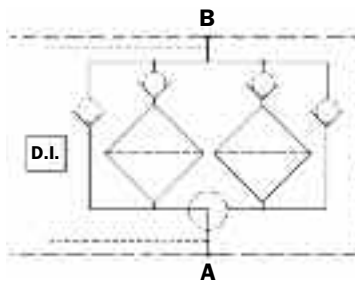


**Double filter without bypass valve**, the entire flow must pass through the cartridge for maximum protection of the system in all operating conditions.

Style B  
Series FHD 051



Style B  
Series FHD 325/332



**Double filter with bypass valve**, standard opening  $\Delta p$  6 bar, filtration cannot be assured in all operating conditions, the flow that passes through the bypass valve is proportional to the differential pressure caused by clogging of the cartridge and variations in fluid viscosity related to temperature (see cold starts).

## Description

The filter elements are available with surface and depth filtration media.

Surface media are made of stainless steel wire mesh, nominal filtration.

Depth filtration media are made of inorganic fibre impregnated with epoxy resins, absolute filtration.

## Differential collapse pressure

Mesh M  $\Delta p$  20 bar Series N

Mesh T  $\Delta p$  210 bar Series H

Fibre A  $\Delta p$  20 bar Series N

Fibre A  $\Delta p$  20 bar Series R

Fibre A  $\Delta p$  210 bar Series H

Fibre A  $\Delta p$  210 bar Series S

Elements with  $\Delta p$  value of 20 bar are utilized in filters with bypass valves.

Elements with  $\Delta p$  value of 210 bar are utilized in filters without bypass valves.

The use of filter elements with  $\Delta p$  value of 20 bar is permitted in filters without bypass valves exclusively during the system start-up phase.

Elements types R and S must be utilized when the filters are equipped with Reverse Flow valves, with or without bypass valve.

## Materials

**Support tubes** - steel with heat-chemical treatment.

**Inner support tube** - steel with heat-chemical treatment.

## Compatibility with fluids, filter elements series N-R-H-S-T

- The filter elements are compatible with:
  - Mineral oils to ISO 2943 - 4
  - Aqueous emulsions
  - Synthetic fluids, water glycol.
- Seals, standard in NBR compatible with:
  - Mineral oils to ISO 2943 - 4
  - Aqueous emulsions
  - Synthetic fluids, water glycol.
- FPM seals compatible with:
  - Synthetic fluids type HS-HFDR-HFDS-HFDU
  - To ISO 6743-4.
  - To ISO 2943

## Composition of filtration media

### Series: mesh N

Internal support mesh, stainless steel filtration mesh, external support mesh.

### Series: fibre N

Internal support mesh, filter media support, filtration media, prefilter media, external support mesh.

### Series: fibre R

Internal support mesh, filtration media support, filtration media, prefilter media, external support mesh, external support tube (stainless steel).

### Series: fibre H

Stainless steel support tube, stainless steel internal support mesh, filtration media support, filtration media, prefilter media, external support mesh.

### Series: fibre S

Stainless steel support tube, stainless steel internal support mesh, filtration media support, filtration media, prefilter media, external support mesh, stainless steel external support tube.

### Series: mesh H

Stainless steel support tube, stainless steel internal support mesh, filtration media, stainless steel filtration mesh, external support mesh.

## Reference standards

All filter elements comply with the following **ISO** standards:

**ISO 2941** - Collapse and burst resistance.

**ISO 2942** - Bubble point test resistance.

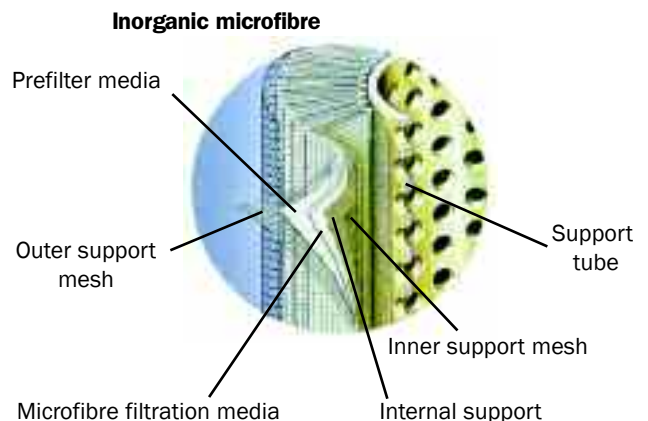
**ISO 2943** - Compatibility with fluids.

**ISO 3723** - Resistance to axial deformation.

**ISO 3724** - Fatigue test with flow.

**ISO 3968** - Pressure drop.

**ISO 16889** - Filtration efficiency by means of Multipass.



**Multipass test  
in compliance with new ISO 16889 standard.  
Contaminant ISO MTD**

Value $\beta$	2	10	75	100	200	1000
Filtration efficiency in %	50%	90%	98.70%	99%	99.50%	99.90%

**Multipass test  
in compliance with original ISO 4572  
standard.  
Contaminant ACFTD**

Value $\beta$	200
Filtration efficiency in %	99.50%

Filter element	(µm @)					
A03	<3	<3	<3	<3	3.30	4.2
A06	<3	<3	4.31	4.53	5.07	6.3
A10	<6	<6	6.12	6.41	7.12	9.0
A16	<7	<7	10.45	10.97	12.13	13.9
A25	<9	12.34	15.82	16.30	17.46	19.3

Filter element	µm
A03	3 µm
A06	6 µm
A10	10 µm
A16	16 µm
A25	25 µm

The above data are referred to a final  $\Delta p$  value of 16 bar

**Characteristics of filter elements with nominal filtration, M / T series**

For the square stainless steel wire mesh filtration degree is defined as the maximum diameter of a sphere corresponding to the mesh size, in microns.

**International standards for fluid contamination control**

Components	Recommended filtration								
	12/10/7	13/11/8	14/12/9	15/13/10	16/14/11	17/15/12	18/16/13	19/17/14	20/18/15
Servo valves			●	●	●				
Proportional Valves				●	●	●			
Variable displacement Pumps					●	●	●		
Cartridge valves						●	●	●	
Piston pumps						●	●	●	
Vane pumps							●	●	●
Pressure / flow rate control valves							●	●	●
Solenoid valves							●	●	●
ISO code	12/10/7	13/11/8	14/12/9	15/13/10	16/14/11	17/15/12	18/16/13	19/17/14	20/18/15
NAS code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Absolute filtration recommended	3 micron			6 micron			10 micron		>10

Microfibre filter elements tested in collaboration with the following independent institutes.

Institute of Filtration  
(France)



I.F.T.S.



Royal Institute of Technology

# Filter sizing

Correct sizing of the filter, having in-line or manifold connections must be based on a total pressure drop of between 0.8 and 1.5 bar.

For styles with reverse flow valves, reversible flow, and duplex filters, the total pressure drop can be between 1.5 and 3 bar.

The pressure drop calculation is performed by adding together the value for the housing and the value for the filter element.

The pressure drop in the housing is proportional to the fluid density kg/dm<sup>3</sup>. All the graphs in the catalogue are based on a mineral oil with density of 0.86 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>.

The filter element pressure drop value is proportional to viscosity mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt), the Y values in the catalogue are referred to viscosity of 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt).

## Sizing

$\Delta p$  Total

$\Delta p_c$  Filter body

$\Delta p_e$  Filter element

Y Multiplication factor (see pages 13 to 14)

Q l/min = flow rate

V<sub>1</sub> = reference viscosity 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt)

V<sub>2</sub> = operating viscosity in mm<sup>2</sup>/s

$\Delta p_{Tot.} = \Delta p_c + \Delta p_e$

$\Delta p_e = Y : 1000 \times Q \times ( V_2/V_1 )$

## Calculation example with HLP fluid Variation in viscosity

Data:

Filter with in-line connections

Pressure = 380 bar

Flow rate = 150 l/min

Viscosity = 46 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt)

Density = 0.86 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>

Filtration = 10 μ absolute

With bypass valve

Filter type - **FHP 135 3** (see bodies pressure drop graphs on page 54)

### Practical example

Q = 150 l/min

V<sub>2</sub> = 46 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

P<sub>max</sub> = 380 bar

Filtration = 10 μ absolute

$\Delta p_{Tot. max} = 1.5 \text{ bar}$  (max. recommended value)

Filter element series N,  $\Delta p$  max 20 bar

$\Delta p_c = 0.657 \text{ bar}$  (\* see diagram)

$\Delta p_e = (3.38 : 1000) \times 150 \times (46/30) = 0.777 \text{ bar}$

$\Delta p_{Tot.} = 0.657 + 0.777 = 1.434 \text{ bar}$

Sized filter type:

**FHP 135 3 S A G2 A10 N P01**

## Calculation examples with HFD fluid Variations in viscosity and density

Data:

Filter with in-line connections

Pressure = 380 bar

Flow rate = 150 l/min

Viscosity = 46 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (cSt)

Density = 1.1 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>

Filtration = 10 μ absolute

With bypass valve

Filter type - **FHP 135 3** (see bodies pressure drop graphs on page 54)

### Practical example

Q = 150 l/min

V<sub>2</sub> = 46 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

P<sub>max</sub> = 380 bar

Filtration = 10 μ absolute

$\Delta p_{Tot. max} = 1.5 \text{ bar}$  (max. recommended value)

Filter element N series,  $\Delta p$  max 20 bar

$\Delta p_c = 0.657 \times (1.1/0.86) = 0.84$

$\Delta p_e = (3.38 : 1000) \times 150 \times (46/30) = 0.777 \text{ bar}$

$\Delta p_{Tot.} = 0.84 + 0.777 = 1.62 \text{ bar}$

Filter type:

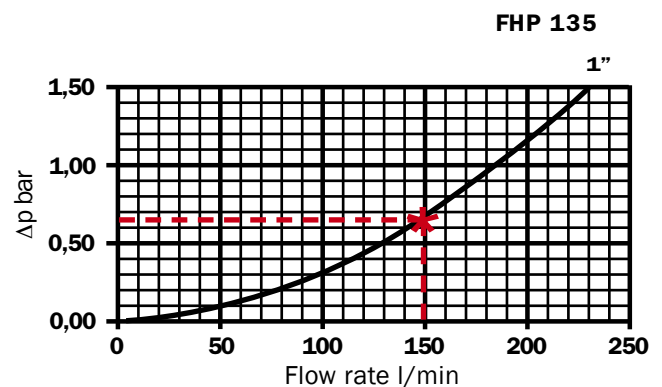
**FHP 135 3 S A G2 A10 N P01** ( $\Delta p$  max exceeded)

Switch to next size up **FHP 320...**

## Pressure drops $\Delta p$ Body

The curves are plotted using mineral oil with density of 0.86 kg/dm<sup>3</sup> to ISO 3968.

$\Delta p$  varies proportional with density.



For Y values see next page:

Filter Element	Series N - R					Series N
	Filtration					
Type	A 0 3	A 0 6	A 1 0	A 1 6	A 2 5	M 2 5
<b>HP 037</b> 1	70,66	53,20	25,77	20,57	14,67	04,90
2	26,57	23,27	12,46	09,88	05,58	02,20
5	36,57	32,28	18,00	13,38	08,00	02,90
<b>HP 050</b> 1	31,75	33,00	13,16	12,33	07,29	01,60
2	24,25	21,26	11,70	09,09	04,90	01,40
3	17,37	16,25	08,90	07,18	03,63	01,25
4	12,12	10,75	06,10	05,75	03,08	01,07
5	07,00	06,56	03,60	03,10	02,25	00,80
<b>HP 065</b> 1	58,50	43,46	26,66	19,66	10,71	01,28
2	42,60	25,64	17,66	13,88	07,32	01,11
3	20,50	15,88	08,18	06,81	03,91	00,58
<b>HP 135</b> 1	20,33	18,80	09,71	08,66	04,78	02,78
2	11,14	10,16	06,60	06,38	02,22	01,11
3	06,48	06,33	03,38	03,16	02,14	01,01
<b>HP 320</b> 1	10,88	09,73	05,02	03,73	02,54	01,04
2	04,40	03,83	01,75	01,48	00,88	00,71
3	02,75	02,11	01,05	00,87	00,77	00,61
4	02,12	01,77	00,98	00,78	00,55	00,47
<b>HP 500</b> 1	4,44	3,67	2,3	2,1	1,65	0,15
2	3,37	2,77	1,775	1,68	1,24	0,10
3	2,22	1,98	1,114	1,09	0,75	0,075
4	1,81	1,33	0,93	0,86	0,68	0,050
5	1,33	1,15	0,766	0,676	0,48	0,040

#### HP series filter elements

Multiplication factor "Y" for definition of the pressure drop of filter elements.

Reference viscosity 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Filter Element	Series N					Series N
	Filtration					
Type	A 0 3	A 0 6	A 1 0	A 1 6	A 2 5	M 2 5
<b>HF 320</b> 1	03,65	02,95	02,80	01,80	00,90	-
2	02,03	01,73	01,61	01,35	00,85	-
3	01,84	01,42	01,42	01,22	00,80	-

#### HF series filter elements

Multiplication factor "Y" for definition of the pressure drop of filter elements.

Reference viscosity 30 mm<sup>2</sup>/s



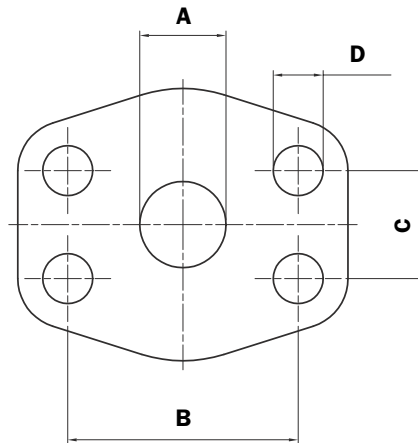


# INDICATORS / CARTRIDGES Combination

Efficient operation and application safety are guaranteed when the filter components are selected correctly. The correct style of cartridge and relative indicator pressure value for each filter layout can be selected using the following table. H - S - T series cartridges ( $\Delta p$  210 bar) can be replaced with N and R series cartridges ( $\Delta p$  20 bar) during system flushing phases.

<b>Filter layout (single)</b>	<b>Cartridge Series</b>	<b>Indicator Trip</b>
<b>S</b> without bypass	<b>H</b> mesh cartridges <b>H</b> fibre cartridges <b>S</b> FHP 500 filters only	<b>7</b> bar
<b>B</b> with bypass	<b>N</b> mesh and fibre cartridges	<b>5</b> bar
<b>T</b> with check valve, without bypass valve	<b>H</b> mesh cartridges <b>H</b> fibre cartridges <b>S</b> FHP 500 filters only	<b>7</b> bar
<b>D</b> with check valve, with bypass valve	<b>N</b> mesh and fibre cartridges	<b>5</b> bar
<b>V</b> with Reverse Flow valves, without bypass valve	<b>S</b> fibre cartridge	<b>7</b> bar
<b>Z</b> with Reverse Flow valve, with bypass valve	<b>R</b> mesh and fibre cartridges	<b>5</b> bar
<b>V</b> with valve for reversible filtration	<b>S</b> mesh and fibre cartridges	<b>7</b> bar
<b>Double filter layout</b>	<b>Cartridge Series</b>	<b>Indicator Trip in bar</b>
<b>B</b> with bypass	<b>R</b> mesh and fibre cartridges	<b>5</b> bar
<b>S</b> without bypass	<b>H (only for FHD 020 series)</b> <b>S</b> mesh and fibre cartridges	<b>7 - 10</b> bar <b>7 - 10</b> bar

## Sizes / Connections to SAE flange



### Connection to 3000 psi SAE flange

Size	3/4" SAE 3000 PSI <b>M</b>	3/4" SAE 3000 PSI <b>UNC</b>	1" SAE 3000 PSI <b>M</b>	1" SAE 3000 PSI <b>UNC</b>	1 1/4" SAE 3000 PSI <b>M</b>	1 1/4" SAE 3000 PSI <b>UNC</b>	1 1/2" SAE 3000 PSI <b>M</b>	1 1/2" SAE 3000 PSI <b>UNC</b>	2" SAE 3000 PSI <b>M</b>	2" SAE 3000 PSI <b>UNC</b>
<b>A</b>	19	19	25,5	25,5	32	32	38	38	51	51
<b>B</b>	47,63	47,63	52,37	52,37	58,72	58,72	69,85	69,85	77,77	77,77
<b>C</b>	22,23	22,23	26,19	26,19	30,18	30,18	35,71	35,71	42,88	42,88
<b>D</b>	M10	3/8" UNC	M10	3/8" UNC	M10	7/16" UNC	M12	1/2" UNC	M12	1/2" UNC

### Connection to 6000 psi SAE flange

Size	3/4" SAE 6000 PSI <b>M</b>	3/4" SAE 6000 PSI <b>UNC</b>	1 1/4" SAE 6000 PSI <b>M</b>	1 1/4" SAE 6000 PSI <b>UNC</b>	1 1/2" SAE 6000 PSI <b>M</b>	1 1/2" SAE 6000 PSI <b>UNC</b>	2" SAE 6000 PSI <b>M</b>	2" SAE 6000 PSI <b>UNC</b>
<b>A</b>	19	19	32	32	38	38	51	51
<b>B</b>	50,80	50,80	66,68	66,68	79,38	79,38	96,82	96,82
<b>C</b>	23,80	23,80	31,75	31,75	36,50	36,50	44,45	44,45
<b>D</b>	M10	3/8" UNC	M14	1/2" UNC	M16	5/8" UNC	M20	3/4" UNC

### SAE flange connections available on In-Line filters

Filter	SAE 3000 PSI					SAE 6000 PSI			
	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2"	3/4"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2"
<b>FMP 135</b>	x								
<b>FMP 320</b>		x	x	x					
<b>FHP 135</b>	x					x			
<b>FHP 320</b>		x	x	x			x		
<b>FHP 500</b>				x	x			x	x
<b>FHF 320</b>								x	
<b>FHD 332</b>								x	